

Printed: 05/02/2025 Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

ROSE OIL TYPE

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product identifier

ROSE OIL TYPE

Product identification : ROSE ESSENCE TYPE MF 220605 code 119297

C.A.S number : Tous les ingrédients ont un n°CAS ; ;

CAS EINECS number

EINECS number : Tous les ingrédients ont un n° EINECS

EC (REACH) number :

REACH registration number : Exempted (mixture)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Concentrated aromatic raw material.

Not intended for personal use in this form or concentration.

For industrial use only, not for retail sale.

USE: Perfuming substance

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: SASU DIFFUSIONS AROMATIQUES

558 allée des Parfums

Parc d'activités "Les Hauts de Grasse" 06530 SAINT-CEZAIRE-SUR-SIAGNE

Tel:+33 (0)4 93 60 82 82 Fax:+33 (0)4 93 60 82 79

Web:www.diffusions-aromatiques.fr Email:contact@diffusions-aromatiques.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 24h/24 - 7d/7: ORFILA (INRS): +33.(0)1.45.42.59.59

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification:

(RegulationCLP)

AH1 Aspiration hazard 1 CAR2 Carcinogenicity 2

EDI1 Serious eye damage / eye irritation 1

EHC3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-trem hazard 3

FL3 Flammable Liquids 3
MUT2 Germ cell mutagenicity 2
SCI2 Skin corrosion / irritation 2
SS1A Sensitisation, skin 1A

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no

other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routs of exposure cause the hazard>.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

GHS Classification:

(RegulationCLP)









Warning mention: Danger

AH1 Aspiration hazard 1 CAR2 Carcinogenicity 2

EDI1 Serious eye damage / eye irritation 1

EHC3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-trem hazard 3

FL3 Flammable Liquids 3
MUT2 Germ cell mutagenicity 2
SCI2 Skin corrosion / irritation 2
SS1A Sensitisation, skin 1A

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routs of exposure cause the hazard>.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

2.3. Other hasards

- Endocrine disruptors : No components concerned
- Contains substances that may cause allergies: Citronellol, Rose oil, Geraniol, Pinene alpha, Citral, Geranyl acetate, Caryophyllene beta, Limonene

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

3.1. Substances

Identification number	Substance	Hazard classes & H-phrases	LCS / M-factors / ATE	Percentag e %
CAS# 106-22-9 EINECS# 203-375-0	Citronellol	EDI2, SCI2, SS1B H319, H315, H317		[30-50]
CAS# 90106-38-0 EINECS# 290-260-3	Rose oil	AH1, CAR2, EDI1, EHC2, MUT2, SCI2, SS1A H304, H351, H318, H411, H341, H315, H317		[20-30]
CAS# 106-24-1 EINECS# 203-377-1	Geraniol	EDI1, SCI2, SS1A H318, H315, H317		[10-20]
CAS# 60-12-8 EINECS# 200-456-2	2-phenylethanol	ATO4, EDI2 H302, H319	ATE (Orale) : 1609.995mg/kg	[5-10]
CAS# 106-25-2 EINECS# 203-378-7	Nerol	EDI2, SCI2, SS1B H319, H315, H317		[5-10]
CAS# 64-17-5 EINECS# 200-578-6	Ethanol	FL2 H225		[1-5]
CAS# 97-53-0 EINECS# 202-589-1	Eugenol	EDI2, SS1B H319, H317		[1-5]
CAS# 8000-34-8 EINECS# 284-638-7	Eugenia caryophyllus Leaf/Flower oil	EDI2, SS1B H319, H317		[1-5]
CAS# 80-56-8 EINECS# 201-291-9	Pinene alpha	AH1, ATO4, EHA1, EHC1, FL3, SCI2, SS1B H304, H302, H400, H410, H226, H315, H317	ATE (Orale) : 500mg/kg	[1-5]
CAS# 5392-40-5 EINECS# 226-394-6	Citral	EDI2, SCI2, SS1A H319, H315, H317		[1-5]
CAS# 78-70-6 EINECS# 201-134-4	Linalool	EDI2, SCI2, SS1B H319, H315, H317		[0.1-1]
CAS# 105-87-3 EINECS# 203-341-5 REACH# 906-083-8	Geranyl acetate	EHC3, SCI2, SS1B H412, H315, H317		[0.1-1]
CAS# 8000-46-2 EINECS# 290-140-0 INDEX# LM6797	Geranium oil (Pelargonium graveolens)	EDI2, EHC2, SCI2, SS1 H319, H411, H315, H317		[0.1-1]
CAS# 87-44-5 EINECS# 201-746-1	Caryophyllene beta	AH1, SS1B H304, H317		[0.1-1]
CAS# 4602-84-0 EINECS# 225-004-1	Farnesol	EDI2, EHA1, EHC1, SCI2, SS1B H319, H400, H410, H315, H317		[0.1-1]
CAS# 5989-27-5 EINECS# 227-813-5 INDEX# 601-096-00-2 REACH# 905-474-0	Limonene	AH1, EHA1, EHC3, FL3, SCI2, SS1B H304, H400, H412, H226, H315, H317		[0.1-1]

⁻ Endocrine disruptors : No components concerned

3.2. Mixtures

NO CONCERNED

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General notes: Take Risk and Safety phrases (section 15) into account.

Following inhalation:

Remove from exposure site to fresh air and keep at rest. Obtain medical advice.

Following skin contact:



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

Following skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothes. Wash thoroughly with water (and soap). Contact physician if symptoms persist.

Following eye contact:

Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Contact physician if symptoms persist.

Following ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water and obtain medical advice.

Notes for the doctor:

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Treatment may vary with condition of victim and specifics of incident.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available Please note the risk and safety phrases

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available Please note the risk and safety phrases

5. FIRE FIGHTING

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Depending on the type of product:

- CO2, dry powder or foam extinguishers
- Water spray or fog to cool the package (if necessary)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Direct water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammability: The product is not easily flammable. **Prévention:** Do not smoke. Do not use flame near.

In case of fire, may produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO) or carbon dioxide (CO2). Exposure to decomposition products may cause health hazards. Do not breathe fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Never use a direct water jet.

Workers should be equipped with suitable protective equipment (respiratory and protective suit). High temperatures can cause high pressures inside closed packages.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

- Wear gloves (if possible made of natural rubber) when handling leaks to avoid contact with the skin, body cleansing should be observed in case of contact.
- Avoid breathing vapours.
- Follow normal hygiene rules in case of accidental spillage.
- Ensure adequate ventilation of the workplace after spillage.

Refer to protective measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of soil and water, runoff into sewers, gutters, rivers. Notify the authorities if the product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods of cleaning up:

- Large spills should be contained with sand or diatomaceous earth, pumped and rinsed with water after recovery of the waste in specific labelled plastic drums to be handed over to an approved recovery company.
- Clean the area carefully to eliminate any residual pollution
- Any sorbent used to mop up leaks must be destroyed quickly, according to local regulations, preferably by incineration; cases of spontaneous combustion of cloths soaked in perfumes or aromas are well known. Spills must be contained by appropriate means and the associated waste treated in accordance with the regulations in force.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See sections 8 and 13 of this safety data sheet where applicable.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Wear suitable PPE: gloves (preferably natural rubber) and eye/face protection.
- Handle in well-ventilated areas, ventilated if necessary, at the lowest possible temperature, avoiding dust accumulation.
- Do not smoke. Do not expose to flames or other potential sources of ignition (electrical equipment)
- Observe safety and hygiene standards
- Close the packaging after use.
- Reproduce the labelling if transferring to another container.
- Prevent access by unauthorised persons

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Store products in their original containers, preferably full and tightly capped, in a cool, dry place. Do not reuse empty containers.
- Keep away from air and light.
- Avoid unnecessary exposure.
- Keep away from food and drink.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking and before leaving work.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

8.1. Control parameters

Components with Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) : No data available

8.2. Exposure controls

Technical measures: Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with food, drink.

Personal protective equipment:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

SHELF LIFE: 24 months in below conditions, after this time it can be used after

control.

Storage conditions: Store between 8 and 10°C in tightly closed packages and protect from

light.

Appearance : Crystallized, sometimes liquid

Color: Pale Yellow until Yellow

ODOR: Rich, hot, spicy and floral, with a very sweet dew note.

Solubility(ies): Insoluble in water, soluble in ethanol

Relative density (d20/20): **[0.846 ; 0.886]** Refractive index to 20°C : **[1.449 ; 1.479]**

Flash point : 53°C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (25°C g/cm3): [0.843; 0.883]

OPTICAL ROTATION (°): ND MELTING POINT (capillarity) °C: ND ACID VALUE (mg KOH/g): ND FREEZING POINT: ND **IGNITION POINT:** ND IGNITION TEMPERATURE (°C): ND **EXPLOSIVE LIMITS:** ND Vapor pressure: ND Partition coef (n-octanol/water: ND BOILING POINT (°C): >40°C



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

PH: ND

9.2. Other information

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

·Dangerous reactions: No dangerous reactions known.

10.2. Chemical stability

Good stability if storage and handling standards/indications are taken into consideration.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction if storage and handling standards/indications are taken into account.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid excessive heat sources (open flame, sparks, etc.) Do not heat closed containers.

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents

10.5. Incompatible materials

Data not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Avoid contact with any flame or spark, flame, Overheat. Avoid Direct rays of the sun. No decomposition if used according to specifications.

Dangerous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

a) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:
b) Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
c) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:
d) Germ cell mutagenicity:
e) Carcinogenicity:
f) Reproductive toxicity:
Refer to heading 2, if applicable

g) Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

single exposure :

h) Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

repeated exposure :
i) Aspiration hazard :

Refer to heading 2, if applicable
Refer to heading 2, if applicable

Refer to heading 2, if applicable



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

j) Acute toxicity:

LD50 (DERMAL) (mg/kg): ND

LD50 (ORAL) (mg/kg): 2830 (values calculated on the basis of empirical data from studies in

rats peroral)

LC50 (inhalatoire):

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:The product does not contain substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties for human health with a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% (w/w).

11.2.2 Others informations

CMR SUBSTANCES: May naturally (technically unavoidable) contain: Methyl eugenol:

<0,8%; furfural:<0.0005%; Safrole: <0.0002%; Rose ketone: <0.006%; Acetaldehyde : <0.0128%; Estragole: <0.0004%

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Do not leave the product, even diluted or in great quantity, penetrate the ground water, water or the drains.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

BIODEGRADABILITY: ND

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Data not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Datat not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data not available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties for the environment with a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% (w/w).

12.7. Other adverse effects

Data not available

13. DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product: Recommandation: Does not have to be evacuated with the refuse. Not to let penetrate in the sewers.

Not cleaned packing: Recommandation: Evacuation in accordance with the regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/ADN/RID:



IMDG:



IATA:



14.1. UN number

ADR/ADN/RID: 1197 ((D/E))

IMDG:1197 IATA :1197

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/ADN/RID: EXTRACTS, LIQUID FOR FLAVOURING OR AROMA IMDG:EXTRACTS, LIQUID FOR FLAVOURING OR AROMA IATA: EXTRACTS, LIQUID FOR FLAVOURING OR AROMA

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/ADN/RID: 3

IMDG:3 IATA:3

14.4. Packing group

ADR/ADN/RID: III

IMDG:III IATA :III

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG:

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO CONCERNED



Printed: 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised: LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

NO CONCERNED

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Valeur ICPE: 4331

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full H sentenses text in point 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routs of exposure cause the hazard>.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acronyms used:

C.A.S: Chemical Abstract Service TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

EINECS: European inventory of existing Commercial Chemical Substances

GHS Global Harmonized System

CLP: Classification and Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

ADR: Agreement Dangerous goods by Road IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association

The information contained in this sheet is based on our knowledge of the product concerned at the time of issue. The information given in this safety data sheet is in accordance with Regulation 1907/2006/EC of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) establishing a European Chemicals Agency, (amended by Regulation 2015/830, 2020/878 (Annex II of REACH), amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94, as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC, and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC, 200/21/EC and according to Regulation 453/2010/EC of 20 May 2010.



Printed : 05/02/2025 ROSE OIL TYPE Revised : LSI_2023-1-CLP from 05/02/2025

Users' attention is also drawn to the possible risks involved when a product is used for a purpose other than that for which it was designed.

The information provided is based on the current state of our knowledge, but does not constitute a guarantee of the product's properties and does not give rise to a contractual legal relationship.

REVISION DATE : 28/01/2025